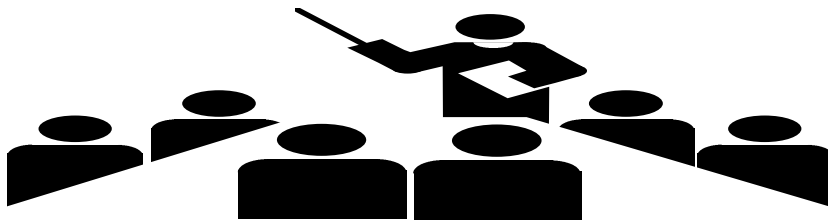


EVANGELISM SEMINAR



Facilitator
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Charlotte, North Carolina



Topic:
**“Rediscovering the Timeless Principles
Of Evangelism”**

WORKSHOP

Dr. Darryl B. Starnes, Sr., Presenter

TOPIC: “Rediscovering the Timeless Principles of Evangelism”

SCRIPTURAL FOUNDATION: The Book of Acts

OUTLINE

PROPOSITION: The church that experiences God’s presence and power can implement the timeless principles of effective evangelism.

I. Effective evangelism occurs when we prayerfully and persistently seek God’s dynamic presence and power. (Acts 1)

- A. Evangelism as the work of the local church (Luke 24:44-49)
- B. The church recognizing its need for power (Acts 1:4,5)
- C. The Holy Spirit as God’s presence and power in the church (Acts 1:8)
- D. The power of unified prayer (Acts 1:14)
 - 1. The church unified in its prayers of contrition
 - 2. The church unified in its prayers of desperation

II. Effective evangelism occurs when God delights to manifest His presence and power among us. (Acts 2)

- A. Persons are empowered to witness for Christ. (Acts 2:1-21)
 - 1. Persons of both genders (sons & daughters)
 - 2. Persons of all ages (young & old)
 - 3. Persons of all classes (maidservants & menservants)
- B. Persons are empowered to learn of Christ. (Acts 2:42)
- C. Persons are empowered to share their resources freely. (Acts 2:44,45)
- D. Persons are empowered to serve Christ faithfully. (Acts 2:46)
- E. Persons are empowered to love each other sincerely. (Acts 2:46)
- F. Persons are empowered to live for Christ victoriously. (Acts 2:47)

III. Effective evangelism occurs when our clergy share the gospel in the power and demonstration of the Holy Spirit. (Acts 2-5; 1 Corinthians 2:1-5)

- A. Anointed preaching (Acts 2:14-41; 3:12-26; 4:8-12)
- B. Gospel preaching (Acts 2:22-41; 3:12-26; 4:8-12)
- C. Supernatural power (Acts 2:43; 3:1-11; 5:1-11, 12-16)
- D. Extraordinary boldness (Acts 4:13-31)
- E. No fear of persecution (Acts 5:17-42)

IV. Effective evangelism occurs when our laity are empowered to share in leadership, service and witness. (Acts 6-8)

- A. The gospel spreads as laity are given authority to lead and serve. (Acts 6:1-7)
 - 1. Our lay leaders must be full of the Holy Spirit.
 - 2. Our lay leaders must be full of godly wisdom.
 - 3. Our lay leaders must be persons who are well respected.

- B. The gospel spreads as laity are allowed to use their gifts. (Acts 6-7)
 - 1. Lay leaders have the gift to perform miracles. (Acts 6:8)
 - 2. Lay leaders have the wisdom to contend for the faith. (Acts 6:9-10)
 - 3. Lay leaders have the privilege of suffering persecution. (Acts 6:11-15)
 - 4. Lay leaders have the ability to proclaim the gospel. (Acts 7:1-53)
 - 5. A lay leader was the first person to give his life for gospel. (Acts 7:54-60)

- C. The gospel spreads as laity are equipped to evangelize. (Acts 8)
 - 1. Persecution sent the laity everywhere sharing the gospel. (Acts 8:1-4)
 - 2. A lay person helped to establish a church in Samaria. (Acts 8:5-25)
 - a. He preached the gospel in Samaria. (Acts 8:5)
 - b. He performed miracles. (Acts 8:6-13)
 - c. He led many to faith in Christ. (Acts 8:5-13)
 - d. He sent for the clergy to establish the work. (Acts 8:14-25)
 - 3. A lay person shared the gospel with an African official. (Acts 8:26-39)
 - a. He let God direct his path and ministry. (Acts 8:2-30)
 - b. He explained the Scriptures to a seeker. (Acts 8:31-35)
 - c. He shared the plan of salvation. (Acts 8:35-39)
 - 4. A lay person shared the gospel wherever God led him. (Acts 8:40)

V. Effective evangelism occurs when we carry the gospel beyond our comfort zones. (Acts 8-26)

- A. The gospel to the outcasts [Samaritans, Ethiopians] (Acts 8)
- B. The gospel to a persecutor of the church [Saul of Tarsus] (Acts 9:1-31)
 - 1. God reveals Himself to Saul as he persecutes the church. (Acts 9:1-9)
 - 2. God sends Ananias to share the gospel with Saul. (Acts 9:10-19)
 - 3. God sends Saul (Paul) to preach His gospel. (Acts 9:20-25)
 - 4. God uses Barnabas to authenticate Paul's ministry. (Acts 9:26-31)
- C. The gospel to the Gentiles (Acts 10-11)
 - 1. God moves Peter out of his comfort zone. (Acts 10:1-33)
 - 2. God saves Cornelius and his family. (Acts 10:34-48)
 - 3. God teaches the church to be inclusive of Gentiles. (Acts 11:1-18)
 - 4. God begins a movement among the Gentiles of Antioch. (Acts 11:19-30)
 - a. Lay persons begin a church Antioch among the Gentiles. (Acts 11:19-21)
 - b. Barnabas is sent to establish the church. (Acts 11:22-24)
 - c. Barnabas gets Paul to assist him in the pastorate. (Acts 11:25-30)
- D. The gospel and prison ministry (Acts 12)
 - 1. The church prays for their imprisoned leader. (Acts 12:1-5)
 - 2. God supernaturally releases the leader while the church is praying. (Acts 12:6-19)
 - 3. God judges the ruler who killed James and imprisoned Peter. (Acts 12:20-25)
- E. The gospel to the world (Acts 13-26)
 - 1. Paul and Barnabas are called from the pastorate to the mission field. (Acts 13:1-3)
 - 2. Paul carries the gospel to the Mediterranean World. (Acts 13-26)